

I. ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Completion Date of Approved Jurisdictional Determination (AJD): 16-AUG-2021

ORM Number: LRL-2021-00115-MAD

Associated JDs: N/A Review Area Location¹:

State/Territory: KY City: County/Parish/Borough: Bullitt County

Center Coordinates of Review Area: Latitude 38.063297 Longitude -85.512652

II. FINDINGS

А.	Summary: Check all that apply. At least one box from the following list MOST be selected. Complete
	the corresponding sections/tables and summarize data sources.
	☐ The review area is comprised entirely of dry land (i.e., there are no waters or water features,
	including wetlands, of any kind in the entire review area). Rationale: N/A or describe rationale.
	☐ There are "navigable waters of the United States" within Rivers and Harbors Act jurisdiction
	within the review area (complete table in section II.B).
	☐ There are "waters of the United States" within Clean Water Act jurisdiction within the review
	area (complete appropriate tables in section II.C).
	There are waters or water features excluded from Clean Water Act jurisdiction within the review

There are waters or water features excluded from Clean Water Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete table in section II.D).

B. Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 Section 10 (§ 10)²

§ 10 Name		§ 10 Size § 10 Criteria		Rationale for § 10 Determination	
N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	

C. Clean Water Act Section 404

Territorial Seas and Traditional Navigable Waters ((a)(1) waters)³

Ī	(a)(1) Name	(a)(1) Size	(a)(1) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(1) Determination
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Tributaries ((a)(2) waters):

(a)(2) Name	(a)(2) Size	(a)(2) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(2) Determination
Perennial 1	1,020 feet	(a)(2) Perennial tributary contributes	Perennial Stream 1 ranges from seven to nine feet wide
		surface water flow directly or	with three to ten feet bank heights and silt, sand,
		indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a	gravel, and cobble substrate. During the field
		typical yea	assessment, Perennial Stream 1 exhibited flowing
			water at depths of six inches. The stream exhibited a
			morphology typical of perennial stream in the region
			and flows offsite into Floyd's Fork and into Salt River,
			(a)(1) stream.
Intermittent 1	220 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary	Intermittent Stream 1 is four feet wide with bank heights
		contributes surface water flow	of six inches to one foot and substrate consisting of silt
		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1)	and gravel. During the field assessment, Intermittent
		water in a typical year	Stream 1 contained flowing water at three to six inches.

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.

⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



			The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows offsite into an unnamed tributary to Floyd's Fork, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 2	555 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Contributes water to an (a)(1) indirectly. Intermittent Stream 2 is two to three feet wide with bank heights of six inches to one foot and substrate consisting of silt, gravel, and bedrock. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 2 contained some pools of water at six inches. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into Intermittent 1, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 3	110 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Intermittent Stream 3 is three feet wide with bank heights of six inches and substrate consisting of silt and gravel. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 3 contained flowing water at one to two inches. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into Intermittent 1, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 4	420 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Intermittent Stream 4 begins at the culvert outlet of Open Water 1 and is two to four feet wide with bank heights of one to two feet and substrate consisting of silt, gravel, and cobble. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 4 contained flowing water at one to two inches. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into Perennial 1, an (a)(2) water. The stream flows into Perennial 1, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 5	25 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Intermittent Stream 5 begins at a small seep and is one and a half feet wide with bank heights of less than six inches and substrate consisting of silt. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 5 contained flowing water at less than one inch. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into intermittent 4, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 6	50 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Intermittent Stream 6 is two to three feet wide with bank heights of one to three feet and substrate consisting of silt and gravel. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 6 contained flowing water at one to three inches. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into intermittent 7, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 7	1130 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	The stream is four to eight feet wide with bank heights of one to three feet and substrate consisting of silt, gravel, cobble, boulder, and bedrock. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 7 contained mostly pooled water in upstream and flowing water in downstream with flowing water at one to six inches. The stream has a morphology typical of an intermittent stream in the region an contributes flow directly to perennial 1, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 8	540 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow	The stream is three to eight feet wide with bank heights of six inches to six feet and substrate consisting of silt,

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.

⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



		directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	gravel, cobble, and bedrock. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 8 contained areas of pooled water and trickle flow at one to four inches. The stream has a morphology typical of an intermittent stream in the region an contributes flow directly to intermittent stream 7, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 9	145 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Intermittent Stream 9 is three to four feet wide with bank heights of one to three feet and substrate consisting of silt, gravel, cobble, and boulder. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 9 contained flowing water at one to four inches. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into Perennial 1, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 10	995 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Intermittent Stream 10 is one to three feet wide with bank heights of six inches to one foot and substrate consisting of silt, cobble, boulder, and bedrock. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 10 contained pooled water at one to six inches. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into Perennial 1, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 11	490 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Intermittent Stream 11 is three feet wide with bank heights of six inches and substrate consisting of silt and gravel. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 11 contained pooled water at one to two inches. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into Perennial 1, an (a)(2) water.
Intermittent 12	180 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Intermittent Stream 12 is three to four feet wide with bank heights of one to two feet and substrate consisting of silt and bedrock. During the field assessment, Intermittent Stream 12 contained pooled water at one to three inches. The stream exhibited a morphology typical of intermittent streams in the region. The stream flows into Perennial 1, an (a)(2) water.

Lakes and ponds, and impoundments of jurisdictional waters ((a)(3) waters):

(a)(3) Name	(a)(3) Size	(a)(3	3) Criteria	Rationale fo	or (a)(3) Determination

Adjacent wetlands ((a)(4) waters):

(a)(4) Name	(a)(4) Size	(a)(4) Criteria Rationale for (a)(4) Determination	
Wetland 1	0.231 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) Wetland 1 is an emergent and scrub-shrub	
		water	abuts Intermittent Stream 1, and (a)(2) water.
Wetland 2	0.087 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3)	Wetland 2 is an emergent wetland that abuts
		water Intermittent Stream 4, an (a)(2) water.	
Wetland 3	0.056 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) Wetland 3 is an emergent wetland that abuts	
		water Intermittent Stream 8, an (a)(2) water.	
Wetland 4	0.031 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3) Wetland 4 is an emergent wetland that abuts	
		water	Intermittent Stream 10, an (a)(2) water.

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.

⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



Wetland 5	0.023 acres	(a)(4) Wetland abuts an (a)(1)-(a)(3)	Wetland 5 is an emergent wetland that abuts
		water	Intermittent Stream 10, an (a)(2) water.

D. Excluded Waters or Features

Excluded waters $((b)(1) - (b)(12))^4$:

Exclusion Name	Exclusion Size	Exclusion ⁵	Rationale for Exclusion Determination
Ephemeral 1	65 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that had small pools of less than one inch in depth, but no flowing water. during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 2	60 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that had small pools of less than one inch in depth, but no flowing water during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 3	40 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 4	80 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 5	65 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 6	180 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 7	75 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 9	160 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 10	35 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 11	205 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 12	250 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.

⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



		an ephemeral stream, swale, gully,	the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow
		rill, or pool	more than in response to precipitation and has a
		iiii, ei peei	morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 13	190 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The stream that was dry during the field assessment.
		an ephemeral stream, swale, gully,	The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response
		rill, or pool	to precipitation and has a morphology typical of
		(1) (2) = 1	ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 14	75 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during
		an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a
		Till, or poor	morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 15	45 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The feature is a first order stream that had small pools
Epiterilerai 10	40 1001	an ephemeral stream, swale, gully,	of less than one inch in depth, but no flowing water
		rill, or pool	during the field assessment. The stream does not
		·	exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and
			has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the
			region.
Ephemeral 16	155 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during
		an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a
		Till, or poor	morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 17	395 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during
_p	000 .001	an ephemeral stream, swale, gully,	the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow
		rill, or pool	more than in response to precipitation and has a
			morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 18	250 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The feature is a first order stream that had small pools
		an ephemeral stream, swale, gully,	of less than one inch in depth, but no flowing water
		rill, or pool	during the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and
			has a morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the
			region.
Ephemeral 19	35 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The feature was dry during the field assessment. The
		an ephemeral stream, swale, gully,	stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to
		rill, or pool	precipitation and has a morphology typical of
			ephemeral stream in the region.
Ephemeral 20	100 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	The feature is a first order stream that was dry during
		an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	the field assessment. The stream does not exhibit flow more than in response to precipitation and has a
		1111, OI POOI	morphology typical of ephemeral stream in the region.
Open Water 1	1.918 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Open Water Pond 1 was constructed between 1955
'		constructed or excavated in upland	and 1959 in the uplands. The artificial pond is not an
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	impoundment of a jurisdictional water that meets (c)(6)
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	
		water that meets (c)(6)	

III. SUPPORTING INFORMATION

- A. Select/enter all resources that were used to aid in this determination and attach data/maps to this document and/or references/citations in the administrative record, as appropriate.
 - **_x**_ Information submitted by, or on behalf of, the applicant/consultant: *Pre-filing Request form*

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.

⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



submitted January 18, 2021; PCN for NWP 29 and Individual WQC submitted February 2021 prepared by RES Kentucky, LLC. This information (is/is not/is and is not) sufficient for purposes of this AJD. Rationale: N/A or describe rationale for insufficiency (including partial insufficiency). Data sheets prepared by the Corps: Title(s) and/or date(s). Photographs: (aerial and other) Applicant Photos dated 7/29/2020 and 8/05/2020: Google Earth aerials dated 06/06/2020, 02/25/2018, 12/30/2013, 06/30/2010, 07/26/2006, 12/31/2001, 03/07/1997 Corps Site visit(s) conducted on: Date(s). Previous Jurisdictional Determinations (AJDs or PJDs): ORM Number(s) and date(s). Antecedent Precipitation Tool: provide detailed discussion in Section III.B. USDA NRCS Soil Survey: Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey. Available online at http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/. Accessed 08/09/2021 USFWS NWI maps: USFWS NWI maps: National Wetlands Inventory website. U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Washington, D.C. Available online at

Other data sources used to aid in this determination:

http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/. Accessed 08/09/2021

USGS topographic maps: 1:24,000 Mount Washington, KY Quadrangle

Data Source (select)	Name and/or date and other relevant information
USGS Sources	N/A.
USDA Sources	N/A.
NOAA Sources	N/A.
USACE Sources	N/A.
State/Local/Tribal Sources	N/A.
Other Sources	N/A.

- **B.** Typical year assessment(s): The Antecedent Precipitation Tool was utilized the applicant's site assessment dates of July 29 and August 5, 2020. The data shows that the assessment was during wetter than normal conditions during the dry season. The assessment was during wetter than typical year conditions.
- C. Additional comments to support AJD: N/A

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.

⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district

⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corp to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.