Three Forks of Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration Appendix C Cost Engineering

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1 | INTRODUCTION | 3 |
|----------------------------------|---|--------|
| 2 | REFERENCES | 3 |
| 3 | METHODOLOGY | 3 |
| 3. 3. 3. | 2 COST METHODOLOGY | 3 4 |
| 4 | DEVELOPMENT & SELECTION OF THE RECOMMENDED PLAN | 6 |
| 4. 4. 4. | 2 IDENTIFYING THE TENTATIVELY SELECTED PLAN (TSP) | 7 |
| 5 | PROJECT FEATURE ACCOUNTS AND ASSOCIATED SCOPE | 8 |
| 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. | 2 (02) RELOCATIONS (UTILITIES) | |
| 6 | PROJECT SCHEDULE & DURATION | 11 |
| 7 | TOTAL PROJECT COST SUMMARY (TPCS) | 11 |
| | ΓACHMENT A | - |
| | III SUMMARY REPORT | |
| | TACHMENT B | |
| | OST AND SCHEDULE RISK ANALYSIS (CSRA) | |
| | TACHMENT C | |
| | OTAL PROJECT COST SUMMARY SHEET (TPCS) | |
| | TACHMENT D | _ |
| C | ONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE | 25 |

1 INTRODUCTION

This Appendix presents cost estimates that have been assembled for the proposed Three Forks of the Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Feasibility Study. A discussion regarding cost, schedule and risk is included in this Appendix which contains all appropriate feature accounts. What follows is a discussion regarding the methodology used to develop the first cost for the Recommended Plan.

2 REFERENCES

- ER 1110-1-1300, Cost Engineering Policy & General Requirements, 26 Mar 1993.
- ER 1110-2-1302, Civil Works Cost Engineering, 30 June 2016.
- EI 01D010, Construction Cost Estimates, 1 Sept 1997.
- ER 1110-2-1150, Engineering & Design for Civil Works Projects, 31 Aug 1999.
- ER 37-2-10 Change 89, Accounting And Reporting Civil Works Activities, 31 Oct 2000.
- EC 11-2-187, Corps of Engineers Civil Works Direct Program: Program Development Guidance Fiscal Year 2009, 30 Mar 2007.
- EP 1110-1-8 Volume 2, Construction Equipment Ownership and Operating Expense Schedule Region II, July 2007.
- EC Bulletin No 2007-17, Application of Cost Risk Analysis Methods to develop Contingencies for Civil Works Total Project Costs, 10 Sep 2007.
- EM 1110-2-1304, Civil Works Construction Cost Index System (CWCCIS), 30 Sept 2020.
- EC 1105-2-410, Review of Decision Documents, 22 Aug 2008
- ETL 1110-2-573, Construction Cost Estimating Guide for Civil Works, 30 Sept 2008.

3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 GENERAL

The cost estimate was prepared using the Micro-computer Aided Cost Estimating System (MCASES) Second Generation (MII), version 4.4.2 for all feature accounts associated with construction. Applicable crews and equipment were applied in the estimate to correspond with the work being performed. Material prices were developed using the 2016 MII Cost Book and quotes were obtained from suppliers, when available.

3.2 COST METHODOLOGY

3.2.1 Historical Unit Pricing

In some instances, historical cost information was referenced and documented accordingly. These historical references include past contract bid prices for projects of similar design and magnitude and recent government studies and cost estimates.

3.2.2 Quote-in-Place

In some instances, a quote from a subcontractor may have been received that included overhead and profit. In that case, no additional markups were included for subcontractor's overhead.

3.2.3 Detailed MII Cost Estimate

The MII estimating software was used to develop a construction sequence for each item of work and applying detailed line items and crews to perform the work. Crews were developed in correspondence with the work being performed and estimated productivities. Wage rates were taken from a combination of the local Davis Bacon rates. The latest MII equipment database was also used and adjusted for current fuel and energy costs. Material prices were obtained through telephone solicitations with vendors, Internet suppliers, the MII Cost Book, and RS MEANS. A summary level report of the MII cost estimate for the TSP can be found in Attachment A.

3.3 DIRECT COSTS

Direct costs are based on anticipated equipment, labor, and materials necessary to construct this project. Following formulation of the direct cost, a determination is made as to whether the work would be performed by the prime contractor or a subcontractor.

3.3.1 Labor - Wage Determination

Wage rates were taken from the latest Davis-Bacon wage determination - KY20210038, Highway Construction and KY20210072, Heavy Construction was used for determining wage rates.

3.3.2 Equipment Costs

The 2020 Equipment database, based on EP 1110-1-8, Construction Equipment Ownership and Operation Expense Schedule, Region II, was used and adjusted for current, local fuel and energy costs.

3.3.3 Vendor Quotes

Vendor quotes have been acquired and documented for the anticipated material costs for most features of work.

3.3.4 Crews

Project specific crews have been developed and applied to the detailed line items as appropriate. Crew members consist of selected complements of labor classifications and equipment pieces assembled to perform specific tasks. Productivity has been assigned to each crew reflective of the expected output per unit of measure for the specific activities listed in the cost estimate. In considering the crews and productivities, the engineer typically referenced other, similar work found in national reference manuals such as RS MEANS construction data, the MII Cost book, and other projects developed by USACE.

3.3.5 Quantities

Quantities were developed through close coordination with appropriate PDT members. A heavy reliance on the team member assigned as the biologist and civil engineer is self-evident with this being an ecosystem restoration project. Quantities were checked / verified by the estimator and adjusted to account for construction methodology, shrink, swell, waste, etc. Other associated subquantities were also developed by the estimator, as needed.

3.4 INDIRECT COSTS

3.4.1 Contract Acquisition Strategy

Through discussions with the Project Manager (PM) & PDT, one contract is planned for the remaining work. The assumption is that the winning Prime contractor would self-perform a reasonable portion (~30%) of the major civil activities, while the remaining work will be subcontracted out. It is intended that past performance requirements will be written into the project specification during the design phase for contractors to have performed past similar projects.

3.4.2 Prime Contractors

3.4.2.1 Job Office Overhead (FOOH)

Job Office Overhead (JOOH) is estimated by percentage within the estimate for the Prime contractor. The estimate of 15% is based on similar-sized projects and would account for such items as project supervision, contractor quality control, contractor field office supplies, personal protective equipment, field engineering, and other incidental field overhead costs.

3.4.2.2 Home Office Overhead (HOOH)

For Home Office Overhead (HOOH) expense, the cost estimate includes an allowance applied as percentage at 8% of direct cost, plus field overhead. HOOH includes items such as office rental / ownership costs, utilities, office equipment ownership/maintenance, office staff (managers, accountants, clerical, etc.), insurance, and miscellaneous. The range of home office overhead can be quite broad and depends largely on the contractor's annual volume of work and the type of work that is generally performed by the contractor.

3.4.2.3 Profit

Profit was calculated using the Profit Weighted Guidelines (PWG) wizard in MII with a result of 7.66% profit.

3.4.2.4 Bonding

Bond was calculated using the Bond Table wizard in MII. This project would classify as "Class B" and resulted in a bonding rate of 0.66%.

3.4.3 Subcontractors

3.4.3.1 Overhead

All subcontractor overhead costs are set to 10% and 8% of direct cost to account their JOOH and HOOH costs, respectively. The exception is where a subcontractor has provided a quoted price including overhead. In that case, no additional markups have been included for subcontractor's overhead.

3.4.3.2 Profit

Sub Profit was included as a running percentage of 8% based on estimator judgement.

3.4.4 Escalation

The contract was escalated to the mid-point of construction using EM 1110-2-1304, Civil Works Construction Cost Index System (CWCCIS), to account for potential inflation during construction. This is included in the TPCS file, not the cost estimate in MII. The estimated mid-point of construction was identified through the development of a rough order of magnitude (ROM) construction schedule and can be seen in Attachment D, of this Appendix.

3.4.5 Construction Contingency

Contingency was applied to Construction Cost at 27% for all accounts excluding 01 Lands & Damages, based on the results of the Cost & Schedule Risk Analysis (CSRA), conducted March 23rd, 2021. The details, including risk register can be seen in Attachment B of this Appendix.

The major contributor to the Cost Risk includes the potential for construction quantities to increase during design do to realized/discovered information which may not be known at this point in time. This risk can be mitigated by "scoping to budget", meaning the details (quantities) may be altered during design to ensure the project remains with-in budget. This does not mean the portions of the proposed scope would be eliminated, only that we may have do smaller portions if funding became an issue during design.

Post Agency Decision Milestone (ADM), the PDT reevaluated the original CSRA in an effort to determine if any of the originally identified risk items had been mitigated. Due to the changes associated with Real Estate, there was one item from the risk analysis removed as the area was removed from the Recommended Plan. This did not however change the Contingency amount at the 80% confidence interval.

4 DEVELOPMENT & SELECTION OF THE RECOMMENDED PLAN

4.1 DEVELOPMENT OF UNIT COST AND MEASURES/ALTERNATIVES

Once assigned, the cost estimator began to develop unit cost of measures for use by the PDT, to be begin defining what scope of work could/should be performed at each site. The measures were

defined in the document "Beargrass_TSPSummaryReport_2020_08_28.doc", written by the LRL Planner/PM for the project and other PDT members. From the definitions provided cost were developed using prior estimates developed for similar projects in the Louisville District, as well as by having discussions and receiving MII files from Cost Engineers in the Chicago District (LRC). The Chicago District has constructed many environmental restoration type projects in recent years. In some cases, costs were developed by the estimator, if historical information could not be found.

The PDT defined what measures would be most feasible to achieve the projects objectives in the form of a table, and in this same table assigned the possible measures to various Alternatives. The following table is what was provided as the "All-in Suite of Alternatives":

| | | | | A | lternativ | ve | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----|----|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|
| Measure | C | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | H1 | H2 | Н3 | N1 |
| Demolition | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Excavation | X | | | | X | X | X | X | |
| Grading | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Water Control Structures | | | | | | | | X | |
| Native Rock Structures | X | X | X | X | X | | | | |
| Large Woody Debris | | X | X | X | X | | | | |
| Invasive Species Removal | | | | | | | | | X |
| Soil Amendments | | | | | | | | | X |
| Native Plantings | | | | | | | | | X |
| Native Community Establishment | | | | | | | | | X |
| Adaptive Management | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| BMPs | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | |

It should be noted that Alternatives for this Project differ from the normal definition of Alternatives in other Feasibility Studies. The alternatives as defined for this project are a collection of various measures rolled up into one action. For example, the R1 Alternative could consist of Demolition, Native Rock Structures, Large Woody Debris, Adaptive Management, and BMPs.

4.2 IDENTIFYING THE TENTATIVELY SELECTED PLAN (TSP)

A spreadsheet was developed by the Cost Engineer and can be seen in Attachment E, Unit Cost of Measures. The technical team members and the Non-Federal Sponsor's third-party consultant (Stantec) then began to assign rough quantities to each site based on field investigations performed by the PDT. The Cost Engineer then entered quantities for each site, based on that input and provided ROM cost for each alternative, at each site to the Economist for their use in the CEICA and screening process. This summary table can be seen in Attachment F.

An effort was made by the Cost Engineer to include cost as a Total Project Cost, at this phase – including rough cost for Real Estate, PED, & CM. Contingency was applied to the construction cost, as a percentage, based on past project experience. The cost of Utility Relocations was assumed to potentially be an important component in this urban environment, but little was known at the point in time which this cost was being developed. A high-level evaluation was performed by H&H between what utilities where known to be in the area against what work was being

proposed in each area. From this evaluation a percentage was applied, as a percent of the construction cost based on a likelihood and impact rating from H&H Engineering.

Using computer software, the economist PDT member was able to evaluate every possible combination of Alternatives and Site was evaluated and 14 "best-buy" plans were identified by the Economist – each plan consisting of several alternatives at any given site. From the 14 best-buys the PDT further screened out 2 of the sites. This remaining collection of 12 sites and alternatives would go on to be the Tentatively Selected Plan (TSP).

4.3 SELECTION OF THE RECOMMENDED PLAN

Since the selection of the TSP the team began to consider ways in which we could "optimize" the plan and work towards selecting the Recommended Plan. On Sept 16th, 2021 the Recommended Plan was presented at the Agency Decision Milestone (ADM) to the vertical team at the Division level with some attendance by individuals from Headquarters USACE. At that time minimal optimizations were still underway, but concurrence was received with the stipulation that an In-progress Review (IPR) be held for final approval.

The optimizations primarily consisted in pulling the work limits at each site so that only real estate acquisition could be simplified and minimized. This resulted in nearly cutting the Real Estate cost in half, compared to the TSP. The scope of the construction stayed relatively the same with very minor adjustments at some sites.

5 PROJECT FEATURE ACCOUNTS AND ASSOCIATED SCOPE

5.1 (01) LANDS & DAMAGES

This feature account covers all costs associated with Real Estate, including lands, easements, rights of way, etc. The cost estimate for this account was provided by the Real Estate PDT team member and inserted into the MII estimate and TPCS. More information can be found in the RE appendix/tab.

5.2 (02) RELOCATIONS (UTILITIES)

- This account covers the relocations of existing utilities impacted by this project. The types and scope of relocations included in this cost estimate are outlined in the tables below.
- Quantities were provided by the Civil Engineering PDT member and developed by analyzing the proposed footprints/alignments at each site with known utility information. Based on the Design Manual produced by the owner of the majority of the utilities, Metro-Sewers Division (MSD), it was decided that a utility would require relocation when ground cover is reduced to less than 4 feet by the proposed construction activity at the site.

| | | TOTAL | SEWER PIPING | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------|---------|--------------|-----|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|
| | | UTILITY | | | REMOVE & REPLACE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | DEMO ONLY | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (LF) | 8" | 10" | 12" | 15" | 16" | 18" | 20" | 21" | 24" | 27" | 30" | 36" | 38" | 39" | 42" | 48" | 49" | 54" | 60" | 90" | 120" | 8" | 12" | 18" | 24" | 30" | 45" |
| X2 | Confluence | 167 | | | | | | 51 | | | | | 116 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| X10 | Alpaca Farm | 3,225 | 190 | 45 | | | | | | | 70 | 55 | | | | | - | 2,837 | | | | | | | 28 | | | | |
| X21 | Arthur Draut | 253 | 191 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 62 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| X29 | Eastern/Creason Connector | 5,879 | | 79 | 290 | 266 | | 90 | 29 | | 163 | | 224 | | | 2,212 | | | | 149 | 16 | | | | | | 2328 | 33 | |
| X30 | Joe Creas on Park | 5,001 | 476 | | | | | | 162 | | | 30 | | 1,145 | | | 711 | 2,366 | | | | 111 | | | | | | | |
| X33 | MSD Bas in | 97 | | | | | | | | | | | 97 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | П |
| X34 | Cherokee & Seneca | 7,993 | 164 | 128 | 97 | | 39 | 14 | | | 461 | | 237 | 138 | | | | 2,871 | 106 | 603 | 49 | | 62 | 928 | | 463 | 1023 | 198 | 412 |
| X35 | Muddy Fork & Tribs | 1,896 | 316 | | | | | | | 799 | 756 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 25 | | | | | П |
| X38 | Cave Hill Corridor | 3,059 | 174 | | 46 | 58 | | | | | | | | | 82 | | | | | 932 | 1,767 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 27,570 | 1,511 | 252 | 433 | 324 | 39 | 155 | 191 | 799 | 1,450 | 85 | 674 | 1,283 | 82 | 2,212 | 773 | 8,074 | 106 | 1,684 | 1,832 | 111 | 62 | 953 | 28 | 463 | 3,351 | 231 | 412 |

| | TOTAL | WA | TER [| DISTF | RIBU' | TION | PIPI | NG | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|------|----|--|--|--|--|
| | UTILITY | | RE | MOVI | & R | EPLAC | Œ | | | | | |
| | (LF) | 6" | 8" | | | | | | | | | |
| X34 Cherokee & Seneca | 325 | 217 | 108 | | | | | | | | | |
| X35 Muddy Fork & Tribs | 100 | | 100 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 425 | 217 | 208 | 1 | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| | TOTAL | G/ | \S DI | STRII | BUTI | ON P | IPIN | G | | | | |
| | IMPACT | REMOVE & REPLACE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (LF) | 6" | 8" | | | | | | | | | |
| X21 Arthur Draut | 656 | 656 | | | | | | | | | | |
| X34 Cherokee & Seneca | 325 | 217 | 108 | | | | | | | | | |
| X35 Muddy Fork & Tribs | 100 | | 100 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1,081 | 873 | 208 | - | - | - | 1 | - | | | | |
| | TOTAL | EL | ECTR | ICAL | DIS | TRIB | JTIO | N | | | | |
| | IMPACT | | RI | MOV | E & RE | PLAC | E | | | | | |
| | (LF) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| X34 Cherokee & Seneca | 138 | 138 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 138 | 138 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |

5.3 (06) FISH & WILDLIFE FACILITIES

- This account is representative of the construction cost associated with the bulk of the construction its as this is an Environmental Restoration project.
- Measures under this account include features of work such as:
 - o Demolition site specific features (concrete structures, pedestrian bridges, etc.)
 - o Excavation in-stream (channel shaping/channel creation), open site
 - o Grading embankments, open site
 - o Native Rock Structures riffle structures, j-hooks, etc.
 - o Large Woody Debris embedded root wads, clusters
 - Native Planting Community Restoration planting trees & shrubs (community specific), seeding, plugging, planting establishment (invasive species removal, mowing, tree guards)
 - Best Management Practices (BMP) coir logs, coir fabric, erosion control blankets, and silt fence
- These measures were compiled under different alternatives in various combinations and were used to identify the Tentatively Selected Plan (TSP) through the Cost Effectiveness and Incremental Cost Analysis (CE/ICA).
- Quantities were developed based on input from the PDT and, as needed, assumptions were
 made by the estimator to arrive at the necessary level of detail to estimate the cost of a
 particular activity.

| | | | Site Bounds | iry AC In the strike t | Stream Habited | Only (LF) Only (LF) Only (LF) Only (LF) Scale (LF) | Hodgian Lyd | nahishnent nahishnent nahishnent nahishnent Nahishnent |
|------|---------------------------|--------|-------------|--|----------------|--|-------------|--|
| Site | Description | | С | R1 | R2 | R4 | ПΖ | N1 |
| X2 | Confluence | 65.3 | | | 1,068 | | 37.96 | |
| X10 | Alpaca Farm | 64.68 | 3 | | 4,913 | | | 36.80 |
| X19 | Newburgh Rd | 22.65 | | 4,489 | | | 11.69 | |
| X20 | Brown Park | 27.59 | | | 628 | | | 24.62 |
| X21 | Arthur Draut | 25.11 | | | 1,527 | | | 22.73 |
| X22 | Concrete Channel | 15.11 | | | | | 6.40 | |
| X29 | Eastern/Creason Connector | 111.54 | 3 | | | 4,549 | | 96.21 |
| X30 | Joe Creason Park | 103.88 | 1 | | | 3,830 | | 100.69 |
| X33 | MSD Basin | 5.43 | | | | | 3.13 | |
| X34 | Cherokee & Seneca | 278.35 | 4 | | 12,951 | | | 231.02 |
| X35 | Muddy Fork & Tribs | 37.64 | 4 | | 8,717 | | 7.04 | |
| X38 | Cave Hill Corridor | 29.03 | | | 3,335 | | 5.64 | |
| | | 786.31 | 15 | 4,489 | 33,139 | 8,379 | 71.86 | 512.07 |

5.4 (14) RECREATION FACILITIES

- This account includes cost for recreational components which were added to the project after the TSP selection and the associated cost are reflected in the Total Project Cost Summary (TPCS).
- Cost for each feature were determined using past similar projects or detailed out through discussion and visual representations with the Project Planner.
- Quantities were provided by the Project Planner and are summarized in the table below:

| SITE | RECREATION FEATURE | QTY | UOM |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------|-----|
| X2 - CONFLUENCE | BOAT ACCESS RAMP | 150 | SF |
| AZ - CONFLUENCE | PEDESTRIAN BRIDGE | 1 | EA |
| X10 - ALPACA FARMS | OUTDOOR CLASSROOM | 1 | EA |
| X19 - NEWBURG RD | BIRDING PLATFORM | 1 | EA |
| X29 - EASTERN/CREASON CONNECTOR | SOFT SURFACE TRAILS | 8,000 | LF |
| A29 - EASTERN/CREASON CONNECTOR | BENCHES | 4 | EA |
| X33 - MSD BASIN | BIRDING PLATFORM | 2 | EA |
| X38 - CAVE HILL CORRIDOR | MULTI-PURPOSE TRAIL | 2000 | LF |
| A36 - CAVE HILL CORRIDOR | BIRDING PLATFORM | 1 | EA |

5.5 (18) CULTURAL RESOURCES PRESERVATION

- This account includes all costs incurred by the government for actions associated with historic preservation, including, but not limited to, the identification and treatment of historic properties, and the mitigation of adverse effects, will be included in construction costs.
- These costs were provided by the Archeological PDT member for \$540,000. Contingency was applied consistent with the results of the CSRA and can be seen in the TPCS, Attachment C.

5.6 (30) PLANNING, ENGINEERING, AND DESIGN

- The work covered under this account includes project management, project planning, preliminary design, final design, geotechnical and HTRW investigations, hydraulic modeling, preparation of plans & specifications, engineering during construction, adaptive management, coordination efforts, contract advertisement, opening of bids, and contract award.
- The cost for this account was estimated with input from the project manager, civil engineer PDT member, civil engineering branch chief, and the PDT for all anticipated tasks for this project.
- As a percentage of the overall construction cost the 30 Account is currently as 16.0% in the TPCS.

5.7 (31) CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT (S&A)

- The work covered under this account includes contract supervision, contract administration, construction administration, technical management activities, and District office supervision and administration costs. The cost for this account was estimated with input from the project manager, engineering design branch chief, and historical S&A rates from other similar-sized projects.
- As a percentage of the overall construction cost, the 31 Account is currently set as 7.0% in the TPCS.

6 PROJECT SCHEDULE & DURATION

Given that this Feasibility Study is allowed three years to complete, the Signed Chief's Report Milestone is schedule for September 5th, 2022. Assuming the Project Partnership Agreement is signed within six months, design would begin in April 2023. Allowing 2 years for design, the construction would likely not begin until as early as April 2025.

All phases of the project including Pre-Award, Construction, and Monitoring (Establishment) are currently assumed to take place under one contract. Attachment D of this Appendix shows the approximate construction durations by site and feature of work. The total duration of the contract is currently projected at 2,511 working days, or approximately 10 years 7 months. This duration includes all the construction activities and includes a 5-year establishment period (per site), beginning as soon as construction activities end at the first site.

7 TOTAL PROJECT COST SUMMARY (TPCS)

The feasibility-level cost estimate for the Recommended Plan at the FY22 price level (Project First Cost) is \$121,135,000. This estimate was escalated over the implementation schedule to generate a fully funded cost estimate in the amount of \$142,330,000. These costs can be found in Attachment B of this Appendix.

ATTACHMENT A MII SUMMARY REPORT

Print Date Mon 22 November 2021 Eff. Date 10/30/2020

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Project : Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration - Recommended Plan
Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration_Recommended Plan - MII Report

Title Page

Time 10:39:51

Project Location: Louisville, KY (Jefferson County)

Unrestricted/Full & Open Procurement (Assumed)
Bid Opening (Assumed)
Solicitation: N/A

Amendments Acknowledged:

Files located at <O:\ED\Public\MCACES\ED-M-C\\0 Civil\FY20\465081 - Beargrass Creek>

Estimated by Neal Ralston, LRL-EDMC

Designed by
Prepared by Neal Ralston, LRL-EDMC
Preparation Date 3/12/2021

Effective Date of Pricing 10/30/2020

Estimated Construction Time 1,539 Days
Checked by: Marcus Kepley, Cost Engineer

This report is not copyrighted, but the information contained herein is For Official Use Only.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Project : Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration - Recommended Plan Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration_Recommended Plan - MII Report

Table of Contents

| oject Cost Summary Report | : |
|----------------------------------|---|
| | |
| Recommended Plan | |
| Lands and Damages | 2 |
| Relocations | |
| Fish and Wildlife Facilities | |
| | |
| Recreation Facilities | 1 |
| Cultural Resource Preservation | 2 |
| Planning, Engineering and Design | |
| Construction Management | |

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Project : Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration - Recommended Plan

Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration_Recommended Plan - MII Report

Project Cost Summary Report Page 1

| Description | Quantity | UOM | DirectLabor | DirectEQ | DirectMatl | DirectSubBid | DirectCost | CostToPrime | ContractCost |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| Project Cost Summary Report | | | 14,404,808 | 8,418,211 | 4,311,697 | 6,018,068 | 70,952,508 | 74,990,112 | 90,448,948 |
| Recommended Plan | 1.00 | LS | 14,404,808 | 8,418,211 | 4,311,697 | 6,018,068 | 70,952,508 | 74,990,112 | 90,448,948 |
| Lands and Damages | 1.00 | LS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24,766,324 | 24,766,324 | 24,766,324 |
| Relocations | 1.00 | LS | 2,082,582 | 1,112,296 | 793,224 | 2,913,906 | 6,902,008 | 8,855,552 | 12,515,712 |
| Utilities | 1.00 | LS | 2,082,582 | 1,112,296 | 793,224 | 2,913,906 | 6,902,008 | 8,855,552 | 12,515,712 |
| Fish and Wildlife Facilities | 1.00 | LS | 12,264,764 | 7,292,005 | 3,366,456 | 3,095,253 | 26,229,879 | 28,254,599 | 39,932,736 |
| X2 - Confluence | 1.00 | LS | 639,824 | 498,771 | 152,445 | 195,655 | 1,487,495 | 1,590,676 | 2,248,132 |
| X10 - Alpaca Farm | 1.00 | LS | 855,876 | 464,341 | 186,639 | 252,696 | 1,769,153 | 1,917,644 | 2,710,241 |
| X19 - SF_Newburgh Rd | 1.00 | LS | 499,651 | 256,551 | 146,261 | 136,713 | 1,054,375 | 1,088,755 | 1,538,757 |
| X20 - Brown Park | 1.00 | LS | 214,809 | 67,392 | 54,313 | 59,587 | 397,701 | 458,942 | 648,630 |
| X21 - Arthur Draut | 1.00 | LS | 339,057 | 212,455 | 91,721 | 71,873 | 716,707 | 766,544 | 1,083,370 |
| X22 - Concrete Channel | 1.00 | LS | 127,249 | 98,260 | 212,566 | 28,055 | 466,129 | 486,670 | 687,819 |
| X29 - Eastern/Creason Connector | 1.00 | LS | 2,364,657 | 1,643,502 | 608,264 | 875,667 | 5,501,690 | 6,017,623 | 8,504,816 |
| X30 - Joe Creason Park | 1.00 | LS | 1,929,040 | 1,255,064 | 393,025 | 613,838 | 4,323,168 | 4,776,010 | 6,750,021 |
| X33 - MSD Basin | 1.00 | LS | 40,487 | 34,808 | 19,087 | 12,457 | 106,839 | 115,116 | 162,695 |
| X34 - Cherokee & Seneca | 1.00 | EA | 2,871,687 | 1,378,179 | 727,409 | 538,255 | 5,528,331 | 6,086,000 | 8,601,454 |
| X35 - Muddy Fork & Tribs | 1.00 | EA | 1,714,591 | 904,665 | 508,920 | 183,735 | 3,335,910 | 3,356,662 | 4,744,032 |
| X38 - Cave Hill Corridor | 1.00 | LS | 667,836 | 478,016 | 265,806 | 126,722 | 1,542,380 | 1,593,958 | 2,252,769 |
| Recreation Facilities | 1.00 | LS | 57,462 | 13,909 | 152,018 | 8,908 | 232,298 | 291,637 | 412,176 |
| X2 - Confluence | 1.00 | LS | 13,002 | 2,383 | 53,858 | 3,000 | 72,244 | 92,691 | 131,002 |
| X10 - Alpaca Farms | 1.00 | LS | 8,726 | 2,100 | 4,419 | 65 | 15,311 | 15,311 | 21,639 |
| X19 - Newburg Rd | 1.00 | EA | 2,202 | 0 | 4,950 | 0 | 7,152 | 9,176 | 12,969 |
| X29 - Eastern/Creason Connector | 1.00 | LS | 19,383 | 3,919 | 22,568 | 5,843 | 51,713 | 64,273 | 90,839 |
| X33 - MSD Basin | 1.00 | LS | 4,383 | 0 | 9,895 | 0 | 14,278 | 18,319 | 25,890 |
| X38 - Cave Hill Corridor | 1.00 | LS | 9,766 | 5,507 | 56,327 | 0 | 71,601 | 91,867 | 129,837 |
| Cultural Resource Preservation | 1.00 | LS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 540,000 | 540,000 | 540,000 |
| Planning, Engineering and Design | 1.00 | LS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,544,000 | 8,544,000 | 8,544,000 |
| Construction Management | 1.00 | LS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,738,000 | 3,738,000 | 3,738,000 |

ATTACHMENT B COST AND SCHEDULE RISK ANALYSIS (CSRA)

Cost Summary for Risk Register Development

Project: Three Forks of Beargrass Creek, Ecosystem Restoration

Project Development Stage/Alternative: Feasibility Milestone #4 - CWRB

Risk Category: Low Risk: Simple Project-No Life Safety

Meeting Date: 3/23/2021

Schodulo Duration Schodulo Duration 420.2 Months 2005

| | Schedule Duration | | Apr-2025 | Feb-2036 | Schedule Duration: | 130.2 Months | 28% |
|----|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | | - | From (Month/Year) | From (Month/Year) | | | Schedule Contingency |
| | | | | | | 80% Finish Date | Feb-2039 |
| | WBS | Feature of Work | | Base Cost | 80% Confidence | 80% Confidence (\$) | 80% Total |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Risk Not included within CSRA Model | | | | | | |
| | 01 LANDS AND DAMAGES | Real Estate | \$ | 24,766,324 | 18.0% | \$ 4,460,177 | \$ 29,226,501 |
| | Risk included within CSRA Model | | | | | | |
| 1 | 02 RELOCATIONS | Utility Relocations | \$ | 12,515,712 | 27% | \$ 3,379,242 | \$ 15,894,954 |
| 2 | 06 FISH AND WILDLIFE FACILITIES | Ecosystem Restoration Features | \$ | 39,932,736 | 27% | \$ 10,781,839 | \$ 50,714,575 |
| 3 | 14 RECREATION FACILITIES | Recreation Facilities | \$ | 412,196 | 27% | \$ 111,293 | \$ 523,489 |
| 4 | 18 CULTURAL RESOURCE PRESERVATION | Cultural Resources | \$ | 540,000 | 27% | \$ 145,800 | \$ 685,800 |
| 23 | 30 PLANNING, ENGINEERING, AND DESIGN | Planning, Engineering, & Design | \$ | 8,544,000 | 27% | \$ 2,306,880 | \$ 10,850,880 |
| 24 | 31 CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT | Construction Management | \$ | 3,738,000 | 27% | \$ 1,009,260 | \$ 4,747,260 |
| XX | FIXED DOLLAR RISK ADD (EQUALLY DISPERSED TO ALL | , MUST INCLUDE JUSTIFICATION SEE BELOW) | | | | \$ - | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | Totals | | 0.4.700.004 | 400/ | | |
| | | | Real Estate \$ | 24,766,324 | 18% | \$ 4,460,177 | \$ 29,226,501.00 |
| | | Total Construction | | 53,400,644 | 27% | , -, | \$ 67,818,818 |
| | | Total Planning, Engineerin | | 8,544,000 | 27% | \$ 2,306,880 | \$ 10,850,880 |
| | | Total Construction M | anagement \$ | 3,738,000 | 27% | \$ 1,009,260 | \$ 4,747,260 |
| | | | Total \$ | 65,682,644 | 34% | \$ 22,194,491 | \$ 112,643,459 |
| | | PROGRAMMED AMOUNT (I | | 00,002,044 | 3470 | Ψ 22,194,491 | Ψ 112,043,439 |
| | | TITOSIV WINDED TWOOTITI (T | 1 14101111) | | | | |

TAB E-Cost & Sched Summary Page 1 of 1

| | | | | | Information | | Cortain | Very Likely | Likely | Possible | Unlikely | Unrated | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|---|--|---|---|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---------|---|--|
| | | | | | mormation | Probability of Occurrence | > 90% | 70-90% | 30-70% | | < 5% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | ligible | Marg | ginal | Mode | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Cost & Schedule Impacts | < \$32 | 28,500 | \$328,500 to | \$1,314,000 | \$1,314,000 to | o \$1,970,500 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | < 6.7 | 75 MO | 6.75 MO to | 13.25 MO | 13.25 MO to | o 19.75 MO | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Negligible | | Moderate | | Critical | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Certain | | | AT BASIS OF ES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Risk Rating | Very Likely Likely | Low | | High Medium | | High High | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Possible | | | Medium | | High | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Unlikely | | | Low | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Three I | orks of Beargra | ss Creek, Ec | osystem Restoration - Feas | ibility Milestone #4 - CWRB | | | | | | | | | | Cost Model | | | Schedule Mode | ı | Cost | Due to Schedu | le Risk | | | | | | |
| ##### | ¥### | | | | | | | Project Cost | t e | Proj | ect Schedu | ıle | | COST | | | SCHEDULE | | Cos | st From Sche | dule | TOT | AL Cost | TOTAL S | chedule | | |
| RE | Previou REF | S Display | ?) Risk Type | Risk/Opportunity Event | Risk Event Description | PDT Discussions on Impact and Likelihood | Likelihood (C) | Impact (C) | Risk Level (C) | Likelihood (S) | Impact (S) | Risk Level (S) | Low Variance (Min) | Likely (C) | High Varianc (80%H) | Low Variance (S) (Min) | Likely (S) | High Variance (S) (80%H) | Low Variance (CS) (Min) | Likely Added Cost (CS) | High Variance (CS) (80%H) | TWO STEP (Cost) | Simulated Cost (C) + (CS) | TWO STEP (Sch) | | Risk Quantification Discussions | Suggested Risk Reduction Measures (Avoid, Escalate, Exploit, Transfer/Share, Mitigate/Enhance, or Accept) |
| 1 | LD1 | FALSE | 30 - Lands and Damages (LD) | Additional Easements | Additional easement acquisition may be needed to perform work | Acquisition of lands which may be needed for temporary/permenant construction features or utilities not anticipated. Real Estate Division has conducted meetings in order to minimize the number of acquisitions which may be needed and those changes are already captured in the proejct mapping. | Likely | Marginal | Medium | Possible | Negligible | Low | \$0 | \$0 | \$619,158 | 0.00 MO | 0.00 MO | 4.00 MO | \$0 | \$0 | \$547,355 | 100% | \$0 | 100% | 0.00 MO | The base estimate and schedule assumes IV. Assume No change from base estimate I. No change from base estimates I. No change from base estimates I. No change from base estimates II. HV. Assume 25% increase to 01 Account + add'l time related cost from potential schedule impacts (assumes 2.5% per year for delays) for 4 months | |
| 2 | LD2 | FALSE | 30 - Lands and Damages (LD) | Private Property Interest | If private (mainly residential) parties are not willing to participate, this could alter the footprint of the project | If someone is unwilling to sell or allow access through their property this could impact the projects design/schedule until resolved | Possible | Marginal | Low | Likely | Marginal | Medium | | | | 0.00 MO | 0.00 MO | 6.00 MO | \$0 | \$0 | \$821,033 | 100% | \$0 | 100% | 0.00 MO | The base estimate and schedule assumes I.Y. Assume No change from base estimate I. No change from base estimate/schedule. II. No change from base estimate/schedule. III. Assume No direct Cost impacts but add't time related cost from potential schedule impacts (assume No direct Ost impacts (but no diays) for 6 months | |
| 5 | PM3 | FALSE | 01 - Project & Program Management (PM) | Project Implementation Funding Delay | Project could experience some delays if incrementally funded | Estimate already makes some assumptions about the project timeline; Project has many hands to pass through and if the decision is made to partially fund the project this could result in some delays, likely to the project schedule, if realized - though the impact is not expected to be significant | Unlikely | Negligible | Low | Possible | Moderate | Medium | | | | 0.00 MO | 0.00 MO | 12.00 MO | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,642,066 | 100% | \$0 | 100% | 0.00 MO | The base estimate and schedule assumes no delays and that the project will be fully funded IV. Assume No change from base estimate! L: No change from base estimate/schedule. HV. Assume No direct Cost impacts but add'l time related cost from potential schedule impacts (assumes 2.5% per year for delays) for worst case of 12 months delay. | |
| 6 | CA1 | FALSE | 05 - Contract Acquisition Risks (CA) | Contract Acquisiton/Procurement Unknown | Current assumption is for low-bid procurement with a Full & Open solicitation. Possible some other metric could be utilized such as Best Value/Trade off approach | If anything other than Full & Open/Low bid is used there will lieldy be contract (construct) cost impacts. Not likely to affect the construction schedule. | Possible | Significant | Medium | Unlikely | Negligible | Low | \$1,335,016 | \$0 | \$2,670,032 | | | | | | | 100% | \$0 | 100% | | The base estimate and schedule assumes low bid/full and open environment LV: Assume No change from base estimate L: No change from base estimate L: No change from base estimates behavior. He was the contract price of deviation from baseline assumption - 2.5% to 5% increase in construction cost outle be expected - used 3.75% | |
| 7 | CA2 | FALSE | 05 - Contract Acquisition Risks (CA) | Project Split across Multiple Contacts | | Possible to happen, with impacts to both Project Cost and Schedule as the design would become incremental and drawn out. This "phasing" would sterch out the completion of the overall preject due to more Corps process being interjected into the Project schedule than is currently assumed (more reviews, contracting packages, advertisements, etc.) | Possible | Moderate | Medium | Possible | Critical | High | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,463,099 | 0.00 MO | 0.00 MO | 24.00 MO | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,284,132 | 100% | \$0 | 100% | 0.00 MO | The base estimate and schedule assumes one single contract LV. Assume No change from base estimate L: No change from base estimate let. No change from base estimate forchodule. HV. Assume risk to the contract price if deviation from baseline assumption - 2.5% to 5% increase in construction cost could be expected - used 3.75%; Schedule impact would be larger and worst cased assumed at 2 years | |
| 8 | TR1 | FALSE | 13 - Civil/Site Design (CV) | Construction Quantity Issues | Due to large amounts of input data, there could be issues with quantity development | As project moves into design - more refinement to come and therfore better information on which to base quantities. Quantities could be impacted 0-20%, increased quantities could make not oper construction durations than currently envisioned and, of course, increased construction cost | Likely | Critical | High | Likely | Moderate | Medium | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,340,064 | 0.00 MO | 0.00 MO | 8.00 MO | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,360,000 | 100% | \$0 | 100% | | Estimate attempts to reflect conservative, but not overly conservative, quantities. Lack of thorough investigation will possibly lead to quantity issues. As worst case it is assumed quantity increases could lead to a 20% increase in the construction cost + see a schedule duration increase of 8 months. This increase in schedule would add additional JCOH (approx. 3170) for month per Mile estimate). | Clear communication between estimator and techincal team about where quantities are being assumed and what the basis for those assumptions a |
| 10 | TR3 | FALSE | 04 - External Risks (EX) | Beargrass Creek Flooding | Potential risk for flooding caused by the Beargrass Creek causing loss of previously installed work | Risk to installed work or time lost do to flooded areas. Estimate includes higher than average Adaptive Management cost in an effort to conservatively estimate for this. Risk register item is to acknowledge the possibility of exceeding this amount | Likely | Marginal | Medium | Likely | Marginal | Medium | \$0 | \$0 | \$801,010 | 0.00 MO | 0.00 MO | 6.00 MO | \$0 | \$0 | \$821,033 | 100% | \$0 | 100% | 0.00 MO | Project schedule spans nearly 6 years and it is assumed there is a 10% chance any given year that we have a rain event large enough to wash out installed work or in-progress work. If this were to happen worst case assumption is a 6 month delay for clean-up and reinstallation totalling 1.5% of the total construction cost | Management cost may be sufficient to cover an event such as this and in |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Construction cost impacts determined by reviewing province soil remodiation projects | As part of Plan Optimization this risk was nearly removed but decided to ke |

\$0

\$0

\$0

\$2,475,926

\$2,298,893

\$2,136,026

0.00 MO

0.00 MO

12.00 MO

12.00 MO

\$0

\$0 \$1,642,066

\$1,642,066

\$0

100%

100%

\$0

100%

100%

100%

100% 0.00 MO

0.00 MO

Once demolificent emoval begins on site, it could be determined the soil under the impound to could be collemined the soil under the impound to could be collemined with POLs would be soil under the impound to the policy of the

Private real estate acquisition

Almost 100% privately owned. Could experience push-back or be unable to acquire oration parcelose of lamb

There is inherent risk of post-award contract changes due to differing conditions, user directed changes, design deficiencies, and/or claims.

Due to unforseen market saturation (lots of work in the area or even nationally), the pool of qualified capable bidders could end up being install support to the contraction or a work force which is spread thin could result in increased bid prices with there being ample work to the contractor without this project. Assumes impact of 3%-5% to construction cost 3chedule install.

Unlikely

Likely

Possible

Significant

Likely Negligible Low

Significant

Medium

High

Unlikely

Possible

Likely

Marginal

Low

Medium

Potential for HTRW (Contaminated Soil)

19 - Estimate and Schedule Risks
(ES)

Consideration for Contract
Modifications/Claims

X2.2

EX1

29

34

38

FALSE 18 - Hazardous Materials (HZ)

FALSE 04 - External Risks (EX)

X35.1 FALSE 07 - Site Identification & Approval Real Estate Acquisition

Construction cost impacts determined by reviewing provious soil remediation projects.

Approx \$1750' (includes excassion, testing, disposal, backtill, and seeding). Total control from the existing to the event that runoff from the existing that runoff from t

TAB H-Risk Register-Model Page 1 of 1

October 2021

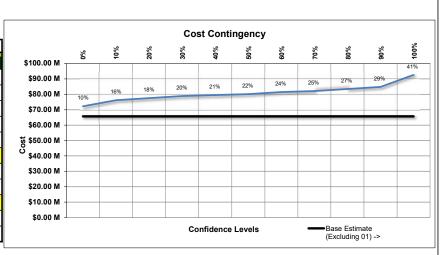
| Contingency on Base Estimate | 80% Confidence Pr | oject Cost |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| Base Estimate (Excluding 01) -> | \$65,682,644 | |
| Estimate Contingency -> | \$17,734,314 | 27% |
| Base Estimate w/ Contingency (80% Confidence) -> | \$83,416,958 | |

| Contingency on Base Schedule | 80% Confidence Proje | ct Schedule |
|--|----------------------|-------------|
| Base Schedule Start Date -> | April 2, 2025 | |
| Base Schedule Finish Date -> | February 7, 2036 | |
| Base Schedule Duration -> | 130.2 Months | |
| Schedule Contingency Duration -> | 36.5 Months | 28% |
| Base Schedule w/ Contingency (80% Confidence) -> | 166.7 Months | |
| Base Finish Date w/ Contingency (80% Confidence)-> | February 20, 2039 | |

- PROJECT CONTINGENCY DEVELOPMENT -

INITIAL CONSTRUCTION Contingency Analysis

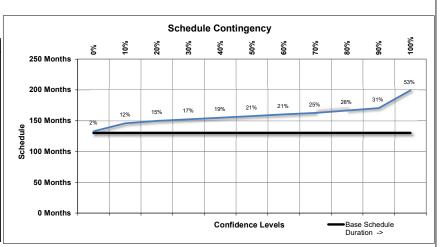
| Base Estimate (Excluding 01) -> | \$65,682,644 | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Confidence Level | Contingency Value | Contingency |
| 0% | 6,568,264 | 10% |
| 10% | 10,509,223 | 16% |
| 20% | 11,822,876 | 18% |
| 30% | 13,136,529 | 20% |
| 40% | 13,793,355 | 21% |
| 50% | 14,450,182 | 22% |
| 60% | 15,763,835 | 24% |
| 70% | 16,420,661 | 25% |
| 80% | 17,734,314 | 27% |
| 90% | 19,047,967 | 29% |
| 100% | 26,929,884 | 41% |



- SCHEDULE CONTINGENCY (DURATION) DEVELOPMENT -

Contingency Analysis

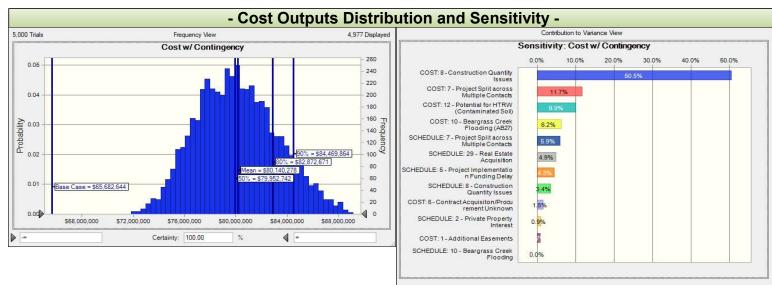
| Base Schedule Duration -> | 130.2 Months | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Confidence Level | Contingency Value | Contingency | | | | |
| 0% | 2.6 Months | 2% | | | | |
| 10% | 15.6 Months | 12% | | | | |
| 20% | 19.5 Months | 15% | | | | |
| 30% | 22.1 Months | 17% | | | | |
| 40% | 24.7 Months | 19% | | | | |
| 50% | 27.3 Months | 21% | | | | |
| 60% | 29.9 Months | 23% | | | | |
| 70% | 32.6 Months | 25% | | | | |
| 80% | 36.5 Months | 28% | | | | |
| 90% | 40.4 Months | 31% | | | | |
| 100% | 69.0 Months | 53% | | | | |

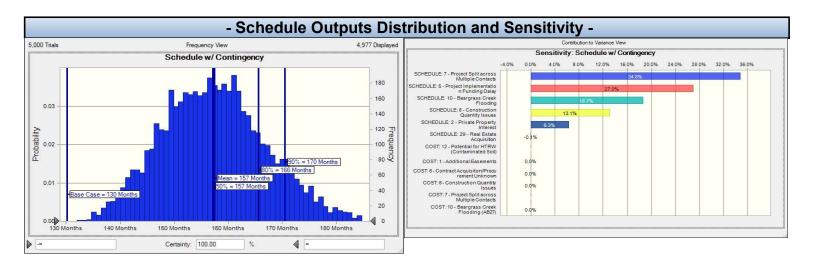


TAB I-Project Contingency Page 1 of 1

| | Contingency on Base Estimate | 80% Confidence Project Cost | | | |
|------|---|-----------------------------|-----|--|--|
| | Base Estimate (Excluding 01) -> | \$65,682,644 | | | |
| | Estimate Contingency -> | \$17,734,314 | 27% | | |
| Base | Estimate w/ Contingency (80% Confidence) -> | \$83,416,958 | | | |

| Contingency on Base Schedule | 80% Confidence Project | Schedule |
|--|------------------------|----------|
| Base Schedule Start Date -> | April 2, 2025 | |
| Base Schedule Finish Date -> | February 7, 2036 | |
| Base Schedule Duration -> | 130.2 Months | |
| Schedule Contingency Duration -> | 36.5 Months | 28% |
| Base Schedule w/ Contingency (80% Confidence) -> | 166.7 Months | |
| Base Finish Date w/ Contingency (80% Confidence)-> | February 20, 2039 | |





TAB J-Sensitivity Charts Page 1 of 1

ATTACHMENT C TOTAL PROJECT COST SUMMARY SHEET (TPCS)

\$142,330

**** TOTAL PROJECT COST SUMMARY ****

PROJECT: Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration, GI

PROJECT NO: P2 465081 LOCATION: Louisville, KY

This Estimate reflects the scope and schedule in report;

Three Forks of Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration Feasibility Study.pdf

PREPARED: 11/17/2021 DISTRICT: Louisville District (LRL) POC: CHIEF, COST ENGINEERING, Jim Vermillion

ESTIMATED TOTAL PROJECT COST:

| Civil | Works Work Breakdown Structure | | ESTIMAT | ED COST | | PROJECT FIRST COST TOTAL PROJECT COS¹ (Constant Dollar Basis) (FULLY FUNDED) | | | | |)T | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|----------|----------|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| WBS NUMBER A 02 06 14 18 | Civil Works Feature & Sub-Feature Description B RELOCATIONS FISH & WILDLIFE FACILITIES RECREATION FACILITIES CULTURAL RESOURCE PRESERVATION | COST _(\$K) | CNTG (\$K) D \$3,379 \$10,782 \$111 \$146 | CNTG (%) E 27.0% 27.0% 27.0% 27.0% | TOTAL _(\$K)_ F \$15,895 \$50,715 \$523 \$686 | ESC (%) G 7.1% 8.6% 13.3% | | | Sudget EC): Level Date: TOTAL (\$K) J \$17,021 \$55,096 \$593 \$777 | 2022 1 OCT 21 Spent Thru: 1-Oct-20 _(\$K)_ \$0 \$0 \$0 | TOTAL FIRST COST _(\$K) K \$17,021 \$55,096 \$593 \$777 | INFLATED (%) L 14.0% 24.9% 24.9% 8.9% | COST (\$K) M \$15,272 \$54,178 \$583 \$666 | CNTG (\$K) N \$4,124 \$14,628 \$157 \$180 | FULL _(\$K)_ O \$19,396 \$68,806 \$740 \$846 |
| | CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATE TOTALS: | \$53,401 | \$14,418 | 27.0% | \$67,819 | 8.4% | \$57,863 | \$15,623 | \$73,486 | \$0 | \$73,486 | 22.2% | \$70,699 | \$19,089 | \$89,788 |
| 01 | LANDS AND DAMAGES | \$24,766 | \$4,460 | 18.0% | \$29,227 | 8.4% | \$26,845 | \$4,835 | \$31,680 | \$0 | \$31,680 | 8.9% | \$29,227 | \$5,263 | \$34,490 |
| 30 | PLANNING, ENGINEERING & DESIGN | \$8,544 | \$2,307 | 27.0% | \$10,851 | 2.4% | \$8,747 | \$2,362 | \$11,109 | \$0 | \$11,109 | 10.1% | \$9,633 | \$2,601 | \$12,233 |
| 31 | CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT | \$3,738 | \$1,009 | 27.0% | \$4,747 | 2.4% | \$3,827 | \$1,033 | \$4,860 | \$0 | \$4,860 | 19.7% | \$4,581 | \$1,237 | \$5,818 |
| | PROJECT COST TOTALS: | \$90,450 | \$22,195 | 24.5% | \$112,644 | | \$97,283 | \$23,853 | \$121,135 | \$0 | \$121,135 | 17.5% | \$114,140 | \$28,190 | \$142,330 |

| CHIEF, COST ENGINEERING, Jim Vermillion |
|---|
| PROJECT MANAGER, Laura Mattingly |
| CHIEF, REAL ESTATE, Veronica Hiriams |
| CHIEF, PLANNING, Amy Babey |
| CHIEF, ENGINEERING, John Bock |
| CHIEF, OPERATIONS, Tim Fudge |
| CHIEF, CONSTRUCTION, Kurt Daily |
| CHIEF, CONTRACTING, Denise Bush |
| CHIEF, PM-PB, Vicki Vasquez |
| CHIEF, DPM, Linda Murphy |

**** TOTAL PROJECT COST SUMMARY ****

**** CONTRACT COST SUMMARY ****

Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration, GI PROJECT: LOCATION:

Louisville, KY

This Estimate reflects the scope and schedule in report;

Three Forks of Beargrass Creek Ecosystem Restoration Feasibility Study.pdf

DISTRICT: Louisville District (LRL)

POC: CHIEF, COST ENGINEERING, Jim Vermillion

PREPARED:

11/17/2021

| Civil Works Work Breakdown Structure | | | ESTIMAT | ED COST | | I | PROJECT (Constant I | | | | TOTAL PR | OJECT COST (FULL | Y FUNDED) | |
|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | | nate Prepared ive Price Leve | | 17-Nov-21 1-Oct-20 | | m Year (Budo ve Price Leve | | 2022 1 OCT 21 | | | | | |
| | | | F | RISK BASED | | | | | | | | | | |
| WBS | Civil Works | COST | CNTG | CNTG | TOTAL | ESC | COST | CNTG | TOTAL | Mid-Point | INFLATED | COST | CNTG | FULL |
| UMBER | Feature & Sub-Feature Description | <u>(\$K)</u> | (\$K) | (%) | (\$K) | <u>(%)</u> | (\$K) | (\$K) | (\$K) | <u>Date</u> | <u>(%)</u> | <u>(\$K)</u> | (\$K) | (\$K) |
| Α | B PHASE 1 or CONTRACT 1 | С | D | E | F | G | Н | 1 | J | P | L | М | N | 0 |
| 02 | RELOCATIONS | \$12.516 | \$3.379 | 27.0% | \$15.895 | 7.1% | \$13,402 | \$3.619 | \$17.021 | 2026Q2 | 14.0% | \$15,272 | \$4,124 | \$19,3 |
| 06 | FISH & WILDLIFE FACILITIES | \$39.933 | \$10.782 | 27.0% | \$50,715 | 8.6% | \$43,383 | \$11.713 | \$55.096 | 2020Q2 2029Q2 | 24.9% | \$54,178 | \$14,628 | \$68,8 |
| 14 | RECREATION FACILITIES | \$39,933 \$412 | \$10,762 | 27.0% | \$50,715 \$523 | 13.3% | \$45,363 \$467 | \$11,713 \$126 | \$55,096 \$593 | 2029Q2 2029Q2 | 24.9% | \$54,176 \$583 | \$14,028 | \$00,0° \$7 |
| 18 | CULTURAL RESOURCE PRESERVATION | \$412 \$540 | \$111 \$146 | 27.0% | \$686 | 13.3% | \$612 | \$120 \$165 | \$777 | 2029Q2 2024Q4 | 8.9% | \$666 | \$137 \$180 | \$/ \$8 |
| | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATE TOTALS: | \$53,401 | \$14,418 | 27.0% | \$67,819 | | \$57,863 | \$15,623 | \$73,486 | | | \$70,699 | \$19,089 | \$89,7 |
| 01 | LANDS AND DAMAGES | \$24,766 | \$4,460 | 18.0% | \$29,227 | 8.4% | \$26,845 | \$4,835 | \$31,680 | 2024Q4 | 8.9% | \$29,227 | \$5,263 | \$34,4 |
| 30 | PLANNING, ENGINEERING & DESIGN | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.5% | Project Management | \$801 | \$216 | 27.0% | \$1,017 | 2.4% | \$820 | \$221 | \$1,041 | 2024Q3 | 6.4% | \$872 | \$236 | \$1,1 |
| 0.5% | Planning & Environmental Compliance | \$267 | \$72 | 27.0% | \$339 | 2.4% | \$273 | \$74 | \$347 | 2024Q3 | 6.4% | \$291 | \$79 | \$3 |
| 7.5% | Engineering & Design | \$4,005 | \$1,081 | 27.0% | \$5,086 | 2.4% | \$4,100 | \$1,107 | \$5,207 | 2024Q3 | 6.4% | \$4,361 | \$1,178 | \$5,5 |
| 0.5% | Reviews, ATRs, IEPRs, VE | \$267 | \$72 | 27.0% | \$339 | 2.4% | \$273 | \$74 | \$347 | 2024Q3 | 6.4% | \$291 | \$79 | \$3 |
| 0.5% | Life Cycle Updates (cost, schedule, risks) | \$267 | \$72 | 27.0% | \$339 | 2.4% | \$273 | \$74 | \$347 | 2024Q3 | 6.4% | \$291 | \$79 | \$3 |
| 0.5% | Contracting & Reprographics | \$267 | \$72 | 27.0% | \$339 | 2.4% | \$273 | \$74 | \$347 | 2024Q3 | 6.4% | \$291 | \$79 | \$3 |
| 1.5% | Engineering During Construction | \$801 | \$216 | 27.0% | \$1,017 | 2.4% | \$820 | \$221 | \$1,041 | 2029Q2 | 19.7% | \$982 | \$265 | \$1,2 |
| 1.0% | Planning During Construction | \$534 | \$144 | 27.0% | \$678 | 2.4% | \$547 | \$148 | \$694 | 2029Q2 | 19.7% | \$654 | \$177 | \$8 |
| 2.0% | Adaptive Management & Monitoring | \$1,068 | \$288 | 27.0% | \$1,356 | 2.4% | \$1,093 | \$295 | \$1,389 | 2029Q2 | 19.7% | \$1,309 | \$353 | \$1,6 |
| 0.5% | Project Operations | \$267 | \$72 | 27.0% | \$339 | 2.4% | \$273 | \$74 | \$347 | 2024Q3 | 6.4% | \$291 | \$79 | \$3 |
| 31 | CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT | *** | * =0 : | 07.00 | 40.05 | | 40.75 | 476 - | 40.475 | | 40.70/ | •0 | +00.6 | |
| 5.0% | Construction Management | \$2,670 | \$721 | 27.0% | \$3,391 | 2.4% | \$2,734 | \$738 | \$3,472 | 2029Q2 | 19.7% | \$3,272 | \$884 | \$4,1 |
| 1.0% | Project Operation: | \$534 | \$144 | 27.0% | \$678 | 2.4% | \$547 | \$148 | \$694 | 2029Q2 | 19.7% | \$654 | \$177 | \$8 \$8 |
| 1.0% | Project Management | \$534 | \$144 | 27.0% | \$678 | 2.4% | \$547 | \$148 | \$694 | 2029Q2 | 19.7% | \$654 | \$177 | \$8 |
| | CONTRACT COST TOTALS: | \$90,450 | \$22,195 | | \$112,644 | | \$97,283 | \$23,853 | \$121,135 | | | \$114,140 | \$28,190 | \$142,3 |

ATTACHMENT D CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

| • | Task Mode | Task Name | Duration | Start | Finish Predecesso | ors 4 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 20 H2 H1 H1 |
|-----|--------------|--|-----------|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| 1 | -5 | Construction Schedule | 2511 days | Wed 4/2/25 | Thu 11/16/34 | |
| 2 | -5 | Pre-Construction Period | 120 days | Wed 4/2/25 | Wed 9/17/25 | |
| 3 | * | Solicitation | 30 days | Wed 4/2/25 | Tue 5/13/25 | |
| 4 | * | Project Award | 0 days | Wed 6/25/25 | Wed 6/25/25 3FS+30 da | iys 6/25 |
| 5 | * | Generate Contractor Submittals | 30 days | Wed 6/25/25 | Tue 8/5/25 4 | |
| 6 | * | Review/Approve Submittals | 30 days | Wed 8/6/25 | Tue 9/16/25 5 | |
| 7 | * | NTP | 0 days | Wed 9/17/25 | Wed 9/17/25 6 | ₹ 9/17 |
| 8 | -5 | Construction Period | 2361 days | Wed 10/29/25 | Wed 11/15/34 | |
| 9 | -5 | Main Contract | 1133 days | Wed 10/29/25 | Fri 3/1/30 | |
| 10 | -5 | X2 - Confluence | 285 days | Wed 10/29/25 | Tue 12/1/26 | |
| 21 | -5 | X10 - Alpaca Farm | 196 days | Mon 12/8/25 | Mon 9/7/26 | |
| 31 | -5 | X19 - SF_Newburgh Rd | 236 days | Mon 1/5/26 | Mon 11/30/26 | |
| 40 | -5 | X20 - Brown Park | 111 days | Thu 2/12/26 | Thu 7/16/26 | |
| 50 | -5 | X21 - Arthur Draut | 157 days | Fri 2/27/26 | Mon 10/5/26 | |
| 59 | -5 | X22 - Concrete Channel | 63 days | Fri 3/20/26 | Tue 6/16/26 | п |
| 65 | -5 | X29 - Eastern/Creason Connector | 900 days | Fri 4/3/26 | Thu 9/13/29 | |
| 75 | -5 | X30 - Joe Creason Park | 664 days | Fri 5/29/26 | Wed 12/13/28 | |
| 85 | -5 | X33 - MSD Basin | 66 days | Wed 7/15/26 | Wed 10/14/26 | П |
| 91 | -5 | X34 - Cherokee & Seneca | 879 days | Wed 7/29/26 | Mon 12/10/29 | |
| 101 | -5 | X35 - Muddy Fork & Tribs | 888 days | Wed 10/7/26 | Fri 3/1/30 | |
| 112 | -5 | X38 - Cave Hill Corridor | 319 days | Tue 8/18/26 | Fri 11/5/27 | |
| 122 | * | Establishment/Monitoring Period - 5 year after plantings | 2106 days | Wed 10/21/26 | Wed 11/15/34 16 | |
| 123 | * | Contract Closeout | 0 days | Thu 11/16/34 | Thu 11/16/34 122 | ↓ 1 |

